

DCW20

960W COMBO DC UPS / DC-DC Converter

User Manual



















DISCLAIMER

TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein.

TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary overtime.

All operating parameters, including "Typicals", must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnity and hold *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

The Customer should ensure that it has the most up to date version of the document by contacting its local *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* office. This document supersedes any earlier documentation relating to the products referred to herein. The information contained in this document is current at the date of publication. It may subsequently be updated, revised or withdrawn.

The Customer should ensure that *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* product uses the most up to date Software and Firmware provided on *TDK-Lambda Switzerland SA* website to ensure reliable operation of the system.

All Trade Marks recognized. Specifications and information herein are Subject to change without notice.



		t description	
	Feature	es and benefits	6
3	Functio	nal description	6
3.	1 UPS	S mode	7
	3.1.1	Backup	8
	3.1.2	Battery health monitor	
	3.1.3	Battery charger	
	3.1.4	Coulomb counter	
	3.1.5	PC shutdown and automatic restart	
	3.1.6	Cold start	
	3.1.7	Blink output on backup	
	3.1.8	Battery Cycling	
		/DC mode	
	3.2.1	Parallel operation	
		rent limit	
		Current limit in UPS mode	
		Current limit in DC/DC mode	
		bit	
3.		itdown and reset on request	
		dbusdbus	
		terface	
		tus	
		tings	
	4.2.1	Modbus address	
	4.2.2	Modbus baudrate	
	4.2.3	Modbus parity	
	4.2.4	Modbus stop bits	
	4.2.5	Battery type	
	4.2.6	Battery charge voltage	
	4.2.7	Battery charge current	
	4.2.8	Battery float voltage	
	4.2.9	Battery low voltage	
	4.2.10	Battery deep discharge voltage	
	4.2.11	Battery max. discharge current	25
	4.2.12	Battery capacity - Supercap capacitance	
	4.2.13	Battery min. temperature	
	4.2.14	Battery max. temperature	
	4.2.15	Battery lifetime	
	4.2.16	Ri alarm mode	
	4.2.17	Ri nom	26
	4.2.18	Ri max. variation	26
	4.2.19	Operating mode	26
	4.2.20	Nominal output voltage	26
	4.2.21	Max. input current	
	4.2.22	Max. output current	
	4.2.23	Max. Backup time enable	
	4.2.24	Max. backup time	
	4.2.25	Buzzer enable	
	4.2.26	Relay 1 configuration	
	4.2.27	Relay 2 configuration	
	4.2.28	Inhibit polarity	
	4.2.29	DC/DC output mode	
	4.2.30	Output enable	
	4.2.31	Aux enable	
	4.2.32	Cold start on inhibit toggle	
	4.2.33	Cold start on battery connection	
	4.2.34	PC shutdown enable	
	4.2.34 4.2.35	PC shutdown enablePC automatic restart enable	
	4.2.36	PC automatic restart enable	
	4.2.37	PC shutdown time	
	4.2.38	PC restart minimum time	30



4.2.39	PC off detection current threshold	30
4.2.40	PC off detection timer	30
4.2.41	Blink output on backup enable	30
4.2.42	Blink output on backup Ton	30
4.2.43	Blink output on backup Toff	30
4.2.44	Output short circuit latch enable	
4.2.45	Output short circuit detection voltage threshold	31
4.2.46	High inrush load enable	31
4.2.47	UPS not ready SoC threshold	31
4.2.48	UPS near empty SoC threshold	
4.2.49	Lock settings	
4.2.50	Delayed device shutdown time	
4.2.51	Delayed device reset time	
4.2.52	Backup start threshold	
4.2.53	Battery cycle	
4.2.54	Battery cycle every	32
4.2.55	Battery cycle day	
4.2.56	Battery cycle hour	
4.2.57	Battery cycle minute	
4.2.58	Battery cycle SoC threshold	
4.2.59	Battery cycle time threshold	
4.2.60	Battery installation date	
4.2.61	Battery charge cycles	
	Firmware version	
	Firmware subversion	
	Build date	
	Build time	
	Serial number	
	Boot cycles	
	Operating time	
	Battery operating time	
	Next battery cycle	
	S	
	Info	
	Alarms	
	Events	
	ard	
	cal Specifications	
Inetallat	tion procedure	/11

5 6



1 Product description

⚠ Use latest device Documentation, Software and Firmware to ensure reliable operation of the system (downloadable from www.nextys.com).

DCW20 is a microprocessor controlled unit that can perform 2 functions:

- 1. UPS rated 960W/20A usable in any system rated 12...48Vdc
- 2. DC/DC converter (non isolated) rated 960W/20A usable in any combination of IN/OUT voltages 12...48Vdc

For the UPS function, it may use 1 battery of 12V, independently of the operating load voltage. For any supply voltages (12...48Vdc) it may use also multiple battery configuration (10...58Vdc). DCW20 monitors the voltage coming from a DC power supply and in case of power failure a backup battery is supplying the energy to the load. In normal condition the battery is kept charged by an integrated battery charger supporting various battery chemistries.

As a DC/DC converter (no battery present) the input must be connected to the battery connector. The input voltage is converted to any output voltage as per the set-up.

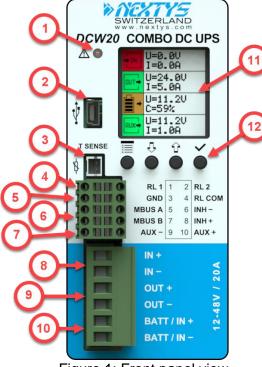


Figure 1: Front panel view

- 1. **Alarm LED indicator**: *ON* when the unit is in backup. Blinks at 1Hz rate in case of error.
- Modbus over USB: Used to connect a PC running POWERMASTER or custom application for remote monitoring and controlling. Firmware update is also possible through USB connection.
- 3. **Temperature sensor**: Optional temperature sensor (P/N: WNTC-2MT) to measure the battery temperature for protection and temperature compensated charge method.
- Relays dry contacts: 2 relays are present for remote monitoring. See §4.2.26 for more details.
- Modbus over RS485: Used to connect a PC running POWERMASTER or custom application for remote monitoring and controlling. Firmware update is also possible through RS485 connection.
- 6. **Inhibit input**: A voltage between 5VDC and 30VDC applied to this input activates the inhibit function (§3.4).
- 7. **Auxiliary output supply**: Maximum 5A supply from the battery (unregulated).
- 8. **Input connection**: 2 poles are provided for input connection. This must be connected to a power supply rated 12...48VDC.
- 9. **Output connection**: 2 poles are provided for output connection. It must be connected to the load to be backed up.
- 10. **Battery / DC/DC input connection**: 2 poles are provided for battery connection. This must be connected to the battery in UPS mode or to the power supply in DC/DC mode. Although the unit is protected the correct polarity must be respected.
- **11. Display area:** provides information regarding the device status.
- 12. **Control keys:** 4 push buttons are provided to navigate through the menus and to select the various functions.



2 Features and benefits

The main features are:

- Integrated battery charger for 12...48V multi-chemistries batteries with a charging current up to 20A
- Can be operated with SUPERCAP capacitors instead of batteries
- 20 A or 960W rated load
- Automatic sensing of input voltage, load current and battery current
- Battery protection against reverse polarity connection and overcurrent
- Battery health monitoring system: measuring battery resistance, battery temperature, charge/discharge cycles and Coulomb counter
- User settable maximum backup time
- Remote inhibit input
- Connection for a battery thermal sensor (optional)
- Modbus over USB and RS-485 interfaces for control and monitoring
- Auxiliary output from the battery voltage (max. 5A), protected against overcurrent/short circuit
- Suitable for energy management applications
- Suitable for **POWERMASTER** software (available for Windows and Android)

Embedded user interface:

- 4 keys and 1 color graphic LCD display
- Allows online device configuration
- Displays the DCW20 status and alarms
- 2 Dry contacts for programmable status signals

Free PC and Android application POWERMASTER used for:

- Connection through Modbus
- · Remote monitoring and configuration
- Firmware upgrade
- Same functionalities of the embedded user interface with the ease of the PC benefits

3 Functional description

DCW20 is a high performance digitally controller DC-UPS that can be used in any DC system with a rated voltage between 12V and 48V and up to 20A.

At the core of the device a bidirectional DC/DC buck-boost converter (see Figure 2) acts as a battery charger when the input supply is present. In case of a power outage (backup) the converter keeps the output voltage regulated draining power from the battery. The converter is digitally controlled.

The device is able to monitor the internal hardware in order to detect failures and/or malfunctions and alerts the user through both, the log system (§4.4) and own display.



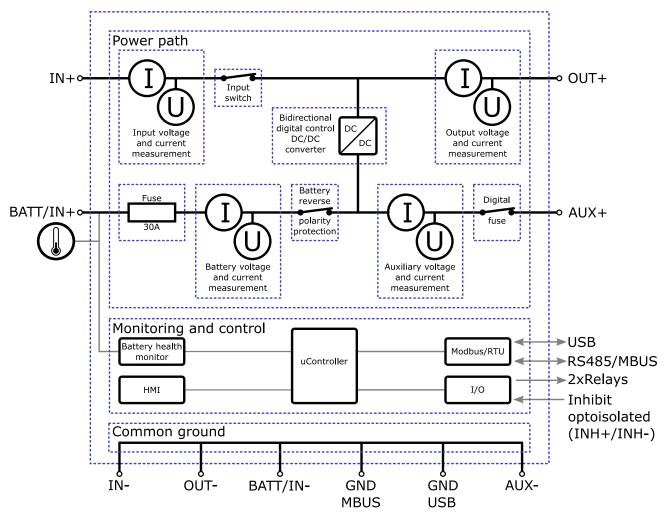


Figure 2: DCW20 simplified block diagram

3.1 UPS mode

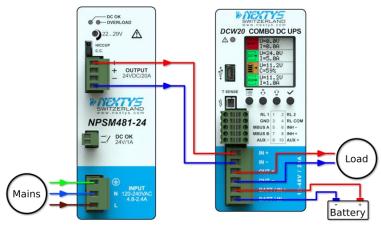


Figure 3: UPS connection example

In UPS mode the DCW20 protects a load from unwanted power interruption in case of mains failure. An example of UPS connection is given on Figure 3.

When the input is present DCW20 acts as a bypass, connecting the input to the output via the input switch. Meanwhile, if required, the battery is charged. During bypass there is no voltage conversion, therefore the output supply voltage is equal to the input voltage.

In case of power outage, the DCW20 takes energy from the battery to keep the output regulated at "Nominal output voltage" (§4.2.20).



3.1.1 Backup

The system is in backup mode if the supply for the output is sourced from the battery (input supply missing). During backup the battery is monitored continuously to prevent over discharge.

A **programmable backup timer** (§4.2.24) is also implemented in order to fix a maximum backup time during power outages. This allows preserving the battery life and shortening the recharge time, avoiding discharging the battery when not needed.

During backup the internal Coulomb counter is used to give an estimation of the residual charge of the battery.

Backup starts when the input voltage, expressed as percentage of the "Nominal output voltage" (§4.2.20), is lower than the value specified by the "Backup start threshold" (§4.2.520).

3.1.2 Battery health monitor

The battery health monitor is composed of:

- **Internal resistance measurement**: The resistance is periodically measured. The internal resistance is a good indicator of the battery health status; a sudden increase of the internal resistance indicates a potential problem on the battery or on the battery wiring.
- **Temperature measurement**: The battery temperature is monitored through an optional temperature sensor (*P/N: WNTC-2MT*). The battery charger takes into account the battery temperature and provides a temperature compensated charging voltage. In case of over or under temperature the system disconnects the battery to prevent damage.
- **Coulomb counter**: Estimates the remaining battery capacity and consequently the available backup time.
- **Deep discharge protection**: It protects against the deep discharge of the battery which can lead to its irreversible damage.

The battery internal resistance (Ri) is measured by draining a defined AC current through an active load (AL) from the battery and measuring the AC voltage drop across the load terminals. The principle is represented in Figure 4.

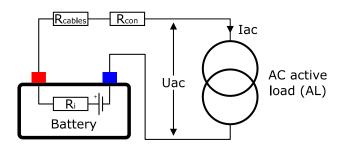


Figure 4: Internal resistance measurement

The measured resistance is the sum of the *battery internal resistance*, the *cables resistance* and the *connectors resistance*, therefore cabling problem such as loose connectors are also detected with Ri measurement.

When high capacity batteries and/or small and long cables are used R_{cables}+R_{con} may be > Ri.



3.1.3 Battery charger

The battery charger supports **various chemistries** such Lead-Acid, Nickel, Lithium and Supercapacitors. The charging algorithm for each chemistry is given below. Other charging algorithms can be implemented by request (contact factory).

The battery charger automatically reduces the current to avoid exceeding the maximum input current (§4.2.21) in case of high current load.

The user must set the following parameters to allow the charger to perform correctly:

- Battery type (§4.2.5).
- Battery charge voltage (§4.2.6)
- Battery charge current (§4.2.7)
- Battery float voltage (§4.2.8)

The battery charge terminates in case at least one of the following conditions are satisfied:

- **Low current**: The measured battery charge current is lower than 10% of the "Battery charge current" while the measured voltage is at least 98% of the "Battery charge voltage".
- **Timer:** the charge is terminated after the battery has been charged for a predetermined amount of time. The value is automatically calculated by the device.

For Nickel batteries only, the following conditions are also checked:

- **Temperature Cutoff (TCO):** The battery temperature if higher than the "Battery maximal temperature" (§4.2.14) minus 3°C for more than one minute. For example, if the maximal battery temperature is set to 60°C, the charge terminates in case the temperature is higher than 57°C.
- Rate of Temperature Increase (ΔT/dt): The battery temperature is rising at a rate equal or superior to 1°C/min. To avoid unattended end of charge do not place the system on an ambient with rapid changes of temperature (for example exposed to direct sunlight).

The charger voltage is independent on the input voltage (power supply), and is user settable.

Lead acid and lithium batteries share the same 3 stages charging algorithm as shown on Figure 5.

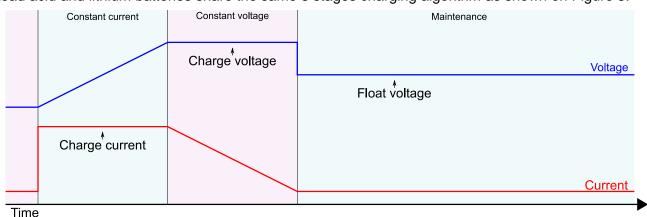


Figure 5: Lead acid and Lithium charging algorithm

For nickel batteries, during maintenance, the DCW20 gives pulses of 3s every 30s with a maximum current of 1/10 of "Battery charge current" and maximum voltage equal to "Battery charge voltage".

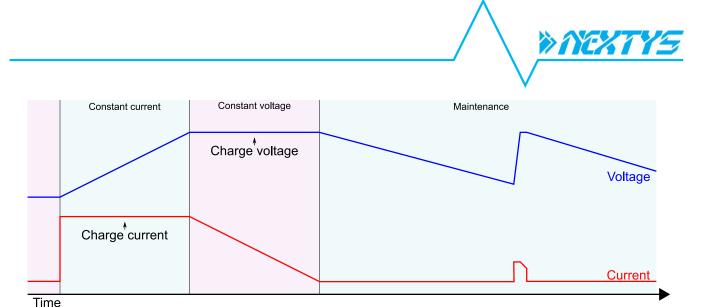


Figure 6: Nickel charging algorithm

For Supercapacitor after the constant current phase the algorithm goes directly to maintenance keeping the voltage at "Battery charge voltage".

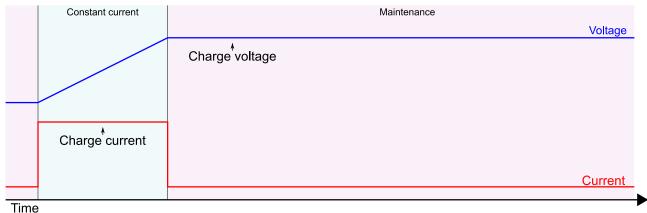


Figure 7: Supercapacitors charging algorithm

Warning: In order to avoid potentially hazardous situations including fire hazard, safety recommendations must be followed. Only authorized staff can install the unit.

Warning: For Lithium cells the balancing and protection circuit must be included in the battery pack.

For Nickel batteries the use of the external temperature sensor is mandatory. The sensor must be placed in contact with the battery.

3.1.4 Coulomb counter

DCW20 measures the current flowing from / to the battery to keep track of the capacity available on the battery. The capacity is measured in Ampere Hour [Ah]. The value shown is based on the following assumptions:

- The value shown is just informative and does not represent the real state of charge of the battery in some circumstances, for example if the battery is damaged.
- When the battery is connected for the first time or the system starts from OFF, the system assumes the battery is fully discharged and start with 0Ah counter.
- Once the battery is fully charged the system sets the counter to the nominal capacity specified by the user (§4.2.12).



3.1.5 PC shutdown and automatic restart

PC shutdown: In case the DCW20 is used to supply a PC it is possible to automatically shut down the PC after an adjustable time of backup. For this the PC must run the **POWERMASTER** application (provided free) and must be connected through Modbus. Optionally **POWERMASTER** can call a task on the PC before shutting down, for example to backup some sensitive data.

Automatic restart: DCW20 is able to automatically restart a PC which was powered OFF by mistake, for example in case of the Operating System (OS) crash. The user may adjust an output current threshold and a timer used for detecting the PC OFF status. In order to restart the PC the DCW20 toggles the output OFF and then ON again. User must enable in the PC BIOS the automatic start in case of supply ON.

The diagram below shows the DCW20 behavior when Shutdown and automatic restart is enabled.

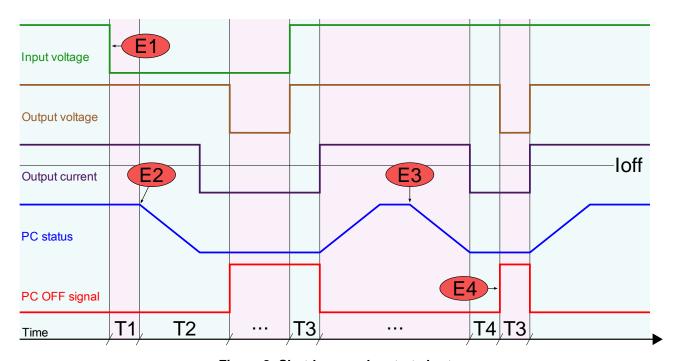


Figure 8: Shutdown and restart chart

Parameter	Name	Description
E1	Backup	Power failure on the line happens. System enters backup
		mode.
E2	Automatic PC	The POWERMASTER sends a shutdown command to the PC.
	shutdown	Optionally: a task is called before shutdown.
E3	Unexpected PC	The PC shutdowns in an unexpected way, for example caused
	shutdown	by OS crash.
E4	PC restart	DCW20 detects the PC being OFF because the output current
		was lower than loff current threshold for T4 time. As a
		consequence, DCW20 generates an ON->OFF->ON cycle on
		its output.
T1	PC shutdown delay	User settable (§4.2.36). Time between start of backup and
		start of PC shutdown procedure.
T2	PC shutdown time	User settable (§4.2.37). Time between start of shutdown
		procedure and output voltage OFF. This time must be set
		longer than the maximum time the PC takes to complete the
		shutdown.
T3	PC restart minimum	User settable (§4.2.38). T3 is the delay used between the
	OFF time	return of the input voltage and the activation of the output. The



		same time is used by the automatic restart function as power OFF time to restart the PC. The value must be big enough for the PC to detect the supply ON->OFF->ON cycle to restart.
T4	PC OFF detection timer	User settable (§4.2.40). Minimum time at which the output current must be below the loff current threshold to trigger the automatic PC restart (PC supply ON->OFF->ON cycle).
loff	PC OFF detection current threshold	User settable (§4.2.39). Current threshold used to detect PC OFF status. This value must be lower than the minimum PC current consumption when this is ON.

Table 1: Shutdown and restart

The parameters are settable through the DCW20 user interface or using the **POWERMASTER** application. The checkbox "Run on startup" must be checked on **POWERMASTER** when PC shutdown function is used. To inhibit the software from calling the shutdown command user can select the "Inhibit shutdown" check box.

3.1.6 Cold start

The cold start is a procedure that allows turning ON the UPS without the input power. This procedure is used to turn ON the UPS to operate during a power interruption. This practice is also a method to see if the battery connected to the DCW20 is functional.

In cold start the DCW20 will remain ON for at least 60 seconds independently from the battery voltage (even when being under the deep discharge threshold), the inhibit input and the backup timer.

After the first 60 seconds the device stays ON until the battery is not deep discharged, the backup timer is not expired or the inhibit input is not active.

When cold started, the "Cold start" text is written beside the input icon on the status screen.

If the input supply returns during cold start the device reverts to normal operation.

To cold start the device the user as the following options:

- From front panel: Press and hold simultaneously the ≡ and ♀ buttons until you see the welcome message on the screen.
- Remotely through inhibit input: When enabled on the user settings (§4.2.32), the device cold starts toggling the inhibit status from true to false.
- On battery connection: When enabled on the user settings (§4.2.33), the device automatically cold starts when the battery, previously disconnected, is connected to the device.

Please, take in account that the battery connection can take up to 5 seconds to be detected and the inhibit state can take up to 3 seconds to be changed when in low power mode.

3.1.7 Blink output on backup

When this option is enabled, during backup, the output voltage switches on/off periodically with the timing defined on "Blink output on backup Ton" and "Blink output on backup Toff". This function may be used on illumination application where is necessary to inform the person in the building that the lighting is running on batteries.



3.1.8 Battery Cycling

When this option is enabled the device schedules and activates a periodic battery discharge on a user settable day and time of the week. The user can select after how many weeks the system repeats the cycle. The purpose of this function is to verify the battery capacity/health.

The parameters related to this function are:

- **Battery cycle** (§4.2.53)
 - Enables or disables the function
- Battery cycle every (§4.2.54)
 - o Indicates the time in weeks between two scheduled cycles
- Battery cycle day (§4.2.55)
 - o Indicates the day of week on which perform the battery cycling
- Battery cycle hour (§4.2.56)
 - Indicate the hour at which start the battery cycling
- Battery cycle minute (§4.2.57)
 - o Indicate the minute at which start the battery cycle
- Battery cycle SoC threshold (§4.2.58)
 - o Indicate the state of charge in % at which the battery cycling must stop
- Battery cycle time threshold (§4.2.59)
 - Indicates the time, specified in minutes, from the start of battery cycling after which the process must stop

Into the device's SETTINGS menu the parameters "Battery cycle hour" (§4.2.56) and the "Battery cycle minute" (§4.2.57) are grouped into the "Battery cycle time" field.

Any time one of those parameters is modified or a start up is performed the battery cycle sheduling is recalculated.

The process is scheduled at time specified by "Battery cycle hour" (§4.2.56) and "Battery cycle minute" (§4.2.57) parameters at the first available day specified by "Battery cycle day" (§4.2.55) parameter.

Once the scheduled day and time are reached the battery cycle starts and the next event is scheduled at the same day, at the same time but after the number of weeks specified by "Battery cycle every" (§4.2.54) parameter.

When the battery cycle is in progress into the device's STATUS menu, at the top, the "Scheduled bat. disc." message is shown. The battery cycle in progress message is shown into the field "Next battery cycle" of the device's INFO menu, and into the tab Status of the **POWERMASTER** application.

The battery cycle is ended when one of the thresholds, specified by "Battery cycle SoC threshold" (§4.2.58) and by "Battery cycle time threshold" (§4.2.59), is reached. Once the programmed battery cycle process terminates the device turns back to nominal function.

If the scheduled battery cycle should start while the battery is charging, the battery cycle is skipped in order to permit to the battery a full recharge.

In case that the battery cycle is in progress and the input under voltage state is detected the battery cycle is immediately interrupted for preserve the battery charge in case of issues on the line.

If there is a need to interrupt an ongoing battery cycle process there are three methods.

The first method is disabiling the battery cycle function through the device's menu SETTINGS by setting the "Battery cycle" field as "Disabled".



The second method is disabiling the battery cycle function through the Modbus field "Battery cycle" (§4.2.53) setting field as "Disabled".

The third method is stopping the current battery cycle through the Modbus field "Battery cycle stop".

User can manually start the cycle using the Modbus field Battery cycle start, this will not affect the automatic scheduling. When starting manually, the cycle starts regardless of the battery status (e.g. battery charging).

The information about the next battery cycle is shown in the device's INFO menu under "Next battery cycle" or through Modbus field "Next battery cycle" (§4.3.9).

Below a list of the logs related to this function:

Battery cycle active (§4.4.1.4)						
Prima	ry value	Secondary value				
0	Battery cycle ended	Minimum battery voltage during the battery cycle				
1	Battery cycle started	Battery voltage at start of battery cycle				

Battery cycle triggered by (§4.4.3.3)						
Primary val	ue	Secondary value				
1	Schedule	Not used				
2	User	Not used				

Battery cycle ended by (§4.4.3.4)							
Primar	y value	Secondary value					
1	State of charge (SoC)	Not used					
2	Time limit	Not used					
3	Input UV (under voltage)	Not used					
4	Battery in charge	Not used					
5	User	Not used					

3.2 DC/DC mode

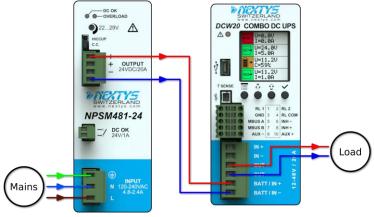


Figure 9: DC/DC connection example

DCW20 can be used as a high performance DC/DC converter. An example of DC/DC connection is given on Figure 9.

Any voltage between 10V to 55V can be converted to any voltage between 10V to 55V (step-up and step-down operation) with up to 20A input or output current.

Input and output are protected against over current with user settable limits (§3.3).

When used as a DC/DC converter the input supply must be connected to the battery connector as shown on Figure 9.



3.2.1 Parallel operation

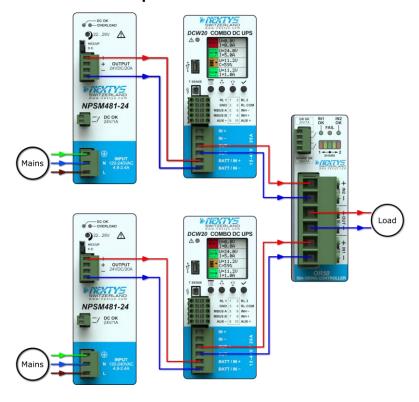


Figure 10: DC/DC parallel connection example with External redundancy module

When configured as DC/DC converter multiple DCW20 can be connected with output in parallel for power increase or redundancy.

In this mode of operation, the field "*DC/DC* output mode" (§4.2.29) must be set to "Parallel".

In case of parallel for redundancy an external ORing module (for example OR50) is required.

For proper operation between the 2 units the cable length connecting the 2

DCW20 to the load must have the same length and cross-section.

For optimal current sharing it may be necessary to slightly adjust one of the 2 devices output voltage until the same current is delivered by the 2 units.

It is recommended to limit the load power to 80% of the sum of the individual output power of the paralleled units.

Parallel connection for power increase of multiple DCW20 units is not recommended in UPS mode. Contact factory for details.

3.3 Current limit

DCW20 has the ability to limit the current flowing through its input, output and battery terminals to a user settable threshold.

3.3.1 Current limit in UPS mode

In UPS mode DCW20 provides 4 different settings for the current limit:

- Maximum input current (§4.2.21), default 20A: it is used to limit the input current at a specified threshold. For example, if the DC power supply is rated less than 20A the threshold can be lowered to avoid too high current drain from the power supply. When the input current limit is reached, the battery charging current is limited; if the input current cannot be kept below the threshold due to excessive loading an input overcurrent alarm is triggered. When the input current is approaching the threshold, the measured input current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.
- Maximum output current (§4.2.22), default 20A: it is used to limit the maximum current delivered to the load. When the threshold is reached due to excessive loading an output overcurrent alarm is triggered. When the output current is approaching the threshold, the measured output current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.



- Battery maximum charge current (§4.2.7), default 0.5A (maximum settable 20A): it is used to limit the maximum charge current supplied to the battery. This threshold will be automatically reduced in such manner that the maximum input current limit (§4.2.21) is distributed to the load with priority towards the charging.
 - For example, if the maximum input current limit is 20A and the load needs 10A while the maximum charge current is set at 12A, the controller will limit the charging current automatically to 10A until the load will need <10A.
- Battery maximum discharge current (§4.2.11), default 20A: it is used to limit the maximum discharge current delivered from the battery during the backup function. When the threshold is reached due to excessive loading a battery overcurrent alarm is triggered and the output voltage starts to decrease. When the battery discharge current is approaching the threshold, the measured battery current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.

3.3.2 Current limit in DC/DC mode

In DC/DC mode DCW20 provides 2 different settings for the current limit:

- **Maximum input current** (§4.2.21), default 20A: it is used to limit the input current at a specified threshold. For example, if the DC power supply is rated less than 20A the threshold can be lowered to avoid too high current drain from the power supply. When the input current limit is reached due to excessive loading an input overcurrent alarm is triggered. When the input current is approaching the threshold, the measured input current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.
- Maximum output current (§4.2.22), default 20A: it is used to limit the maximum current delivered to the load. When the threshold is reached due to excessive loading an output overcurrent alarm is triggered and the output voltage starts to decrease. When the output current is approaching the threshold, the measured output current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.

3.4 Inhibit

An **opto-isolated input** allows the inhibition of the backup function in UPS mode or switching off the output on DC/DC mode. The polarity of the input can be defined using the "*Inhibit polarity*" field (§4.2.28).

3.5 Shutdown and reset on request

The device offers the on request reset or shutdown feature.

There are two mode of reset/shutdown requests, the immediate and the delayed.

The first mode starts the shutdown/reset sequence immediately after a "Shutdown" or "Reset device" Modbus command (see §3.6 "Commands" section) is received by the DCW20.

The second mode starts the shutdown/reset sequence with a delay specified through Modbus fields "Delayed device shutdown time" (§4.2.50) and "Delayed device reset time" (§4.2.51).

Generally, the shutdown command is used to interrupt the ongoing backup process and to send the device into low power mode.

The reset command performs the reboot of the device, with the same effect as a device power cycle.



3.6 Modbus

DCW20 communicates through Modbus/RTU as specified on "MODBUS over Serial Line" and "MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION" documents available on http://www.modbus.org/.

Table 2 contains the field types and Table 3 the mapped fields. For types bigger then 16bit, access all registers in one transaction (multiple register read or write) to ensure atomic operation.

Туре	Modbus function codes		Description						
	Read	Write							
BIT	1,2	5,15	Single bit with value (Single bit with value 0 or 1					
SINT16	3,4	6,16	Signed 16 bit value (2	's compler	ment)				
UINT16	3,4	6,16	Unsigned 16 bit value	!					
SINT32	3	16			lement) Composed of 2 consecutive				
			registers in big-endia						
UINT32	3	16		e. Compos	sed of 2 consecutive registers in big-				
			endian order.						
DATE	3	16	Time and date field. Composed of 4 Modbus registers as follows:						
			Address offs		Description				
			0	MSB	Reserved, set to 0				
				LSB	Year-2000				
			1	MSB	Month (1=January)				
				LSB	Day of the month				
			2	MSB	Hour of the day (24h format)				
			LSB Minutes						
			3 MSB Milliseconds						
			LSB						

Table 2: Modbus types

Address	Туре	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description				
Common	Common									
0x0010	DATE	R/W			R/W	Real time clock.				
Settings (see §4.2)									
0x1000	UINT16	R/W	1	1	247	Modbus address.				
0x1001	UINT16	R/W	1	1	5	Modbus baudrate.				
						1: 9600 baud				
						2: 19200 baud				
						3: 38400 baud				
						4: 57600 baud				
						5: 115200 baud				
0x1002	UINT16	R/W	1	1	3	Modbus parity.				
						1: None				
						2: Even				
						3: Odd				
0x1003	UINT16	R/W	1	1	2	Modbus stop bits.				



1: Lead 2: Nickel 3: Lithium 4: Supercapacitor 5: Super	Address	Туре	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description
2. Nickel 3. Lithium 4. Supercapacitor 4. Supercapacitance 4. Supercapacitance	0x1010	UINT16	R/W	1	1	4	Battery type.
National National							
A: Supercapacitor							
0x1011							
DX1012	0.1011		D 04/	0.43.4			•
DX1013							
0x1014					1	1	
DX1015						1	
0x1016							
Ox1017							
Capacitance. Capacitance.					1		
Ox1018 SINT16 R/W 1°C -40 60 Battery min. temperature.	0x1017	UINT16	R/VV	0.1Ah	1	1000	
Ox1019 SINT16 R/W 1°C -40 60 Battery max. temperature.	0x1018	SINT16	R/W	1°C	-40	60	
Ox101A							
Ox101B				_			
0: Disabled 1: Fix 2: Automatic 3: Automatic 3: Automatic 3: Automatic 3: Automatic 4: Automatic 3: Automatic 4: Automat				ł			
1: Fix 2: Automatic 3: Automatic 3: Automatic 4: Automatic 3: Automatic 4: Automatic 3: Automatic 4: Automa	OXIOID	On the	1000				
CX101C							
0x101C UINT16 R/W 0.1mΩ 0 300 Ri nom. 0x101D UINT16 R/W 1% 50 300 Ri max. variation. 0x1020 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Operating mode. 1: UPS 2: DC/DC 0x1021 UINT16 R/W 0.1V 10 58 Nominal output voltage. 0x1022 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 5 21 Max. input current. 0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. input current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. input current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzzer enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 1 <							
0x101D UINT16 R/W 1% 50 300 Ri max. variation. 0x1020 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Operating mode. 1: UPS 2: DC/DC 0x1021 UINT16 R/W 0.1V 10 58 Nominal output voltage. 0x1022 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 5 21 Max. input current. 0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. output current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W							3: Automatic done
0x1020 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Operating mode. 1: UPS 2: DC/DC 0x1021 UINT16 R/W 0.1V 10 58 Nominal output voltage. 0x1022 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 5 21 Max. input current. 0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. output current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0: Disabled 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. 0: Disabled 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0	0x101C	UINT16	R/W	0.1mΩ	0	300	Ri nom.
1: UPS 2: DC/DC	0x101D	UINT16	R/W	1%	50	300	Ri max. variation.
2: DC/DC	0x1020	UINT16	R/W	1	1	2	Operating mode.
0x1021 UINT16 R/W 0.1V 10 58 Nominal output voltage. 0x1022 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 5 21 Max. input current. 0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. output current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1 min 1 min 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1: UPS</td></td<>							1: UPS
0x1022 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 5 21 Max. input current. 0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. output current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. o: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. o: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabl							2: DC/DC
0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 1 21 Max. output current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 1				0.1V			Nominal output voltage.
0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled	0x1022	UINT16	R/W	0.1A		1	Max. input current.
0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable.	0x1023		R/W	0.1A		21	
1: Enabled	0x1024	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	
0x1025 UINT16 R/W 1 min 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled							
0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Buzzer enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled							
0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled							
0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 2: High DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 2: Parallel Output enable. 0: Disabled 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle.	0x1026	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	
0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle.							
0x1028 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle.	0.4007	LUNITAG	DAM		0	05505	
0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled				<u> </u>	+		
0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle.					1		, , ,
0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle.	0X1029	UINT 16	R/VV	1	1	2	
0x102A UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 DC/DC output mode. 1: Single 2: Parallel 0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled							
0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled	0×1024	LUNITAG	DAM	4	1	2	
0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled 0: Disabled 0: Disabled 0: Disabled 0: Disabled	0X102A	UINTIO	FK/VV	I	l	2	
0x102B UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Output enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled							
0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabled 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0: Disabled 0: Disab	0x102B	LIINT16	R/M	1	0	1	
0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 1: Enabled 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0: Disabled 0: D	071020	CHALLO	1 1 7 7 7	'		'	•
0x102C UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled							
0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled	0x102C	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	
0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled	0.7.020	0	, • •				
0x102D UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Cold start on inhibit toggle. 0: Disabled							
0: Disabled	0x102D	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	
1: Enabled							1: Enabled



Address	Туре	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description
0x102E	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	Cold start on battery connection.
OXTOZE	Oliviio	1 1 7 7 7			!	0: Disabled
						1: Enabled
0x1030	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	PC shutdown enable.
ox.ooo	0					0: Disabled
						1: Enabled
0x1031	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	PC automatic restart enable.
						0: Disabled
						1: Enabled
0x1032	UINT16	R/W	1s	1	3600	PC shutdown delay.
0x1033	UINT16	R/W	1s	1	600	PC shutdown time.
0x1034	UINT16	R/W	1s	1	60	PC restart minimum time.
0x1035	UINT16	R/W	0.1A	0	20	PC off detection current threshold.
0x1036	UINT16	R/W	1s	1	60	PC off detection timer.
0x1040	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	Blink output on backup enable.
						0: Disabled
						1: Enabled
0x1041	UINT16	R/W	1s	10	600	Blink output on backup Ton.
0x1042	UINT16	R/W	0.1s	0.1	60	Blink output on backup Toff.
0x1043	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	Output short circuit latch enable.
						0: Disabled
0.4044	LUNITAG	D // //	0.4)/		50	1: Enabled
0x1044	UINT16	R/W	0.1V	3	58	Output short circuit detection voltage
0.4045	LUNITAG	DAM	4	0	4	threshold.
0x1045	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	High inrush load enable.
						0: Disabled 1: Enabled
0x1046	UINT16	R/W	1%	10	90	UPS not ready SoC threshold
0x1046 0x1047	UINT16	R/W	1%	10	90	UPS near empty SoC threshold
0x1047 0x1048	UINT16	R/W	1 /6	0	1	Lock settings
0.1040	Oliviio	1 1 / V V				0: Disabled
						1: Enabled
0x1049	UINT16	R/W	1s	1	600	Delayed device shutdown time
0x104A	UINT16	R/W	1s	1	600	Delayed device reset time
0x104B	UINT16	R/W	1%	80	95	Backup start threshold
0x1050	UINT16	R/W	1	0	1	Battery cycle
0x1051	UINT16	R/W	1week	1	52	Battery cycle every
0x1052	UINT16	R/W		1	7	Battery cycle day
0x1053	UINT16	R/W	1h	0	23	Battery cycle hour
0x1054	UINT16	R/W	1min	0	59	Battery cycle minute
0x1055	UINT16	R/W	1%	10	90	Battery cycle SoC threshold
0x1056	UINT16	R/W	1min	1	1440	Battery cycle time threshold
0x1100	DATE	R/W				Battery installation date.
0x1104	UINT16	R/W	1	0	65535	Battery charge cycles.
0x1105	UINT16	R	1	0	1	Battery cycle in progress
0x1106	DATE	R				Next battery cycle
Metering					1	
0x2000	SINT16	R	0.1V	0	60	Input voltage.
0x2001	SINT16	R	0.1A	0	40	Input current
0x2002	SINT16	R	0.1V	0	60	Output voltage.
0x2003	SINT16	R	0.1A	0	40	Output current.
0x2004	SINT16	R	0.1V	0	60	Battery voltage.
0x2005	SINT16	R	0.1A	-25	25	Battery current.
0x2006	SINT16	R	0.1V	0	60	Auxiliary voltage.



Address	Type	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description				
0x2007	SINT16	R	0.1A	0	20	Auxiliary current.				
0x2008	SINT16	R	0.1°C	-40	85	External temperature.				
0x2009	SINT16	R	0.1mΩ	0	3000	Battery internal resistance.				
0x200A	SINT16	R	0.1%	0	100	Battery charge percent.				
0x200B	SINT16	R	0.1Ah	0	10000	Battery charge capacity.				
0x2010	UINT16	R	1cycle	0	65535	Boot cycles.				
0x2020	UINT32	R	1h	0	500000	Operating time.				
0x2022	UINT32	R	1h	0	500000	Battery operating time.				
Command	Commands									
0x3000	BIT	W	1	0	1	Perform Ri measurement.				
0x3001	BIT	W	1	0	1	Shutdown.				
0x3002	BIT	W	1	0	1	Reset device.				
0x3003	BIT	W	1	0	1	Battery cycle start				
0x3004	BIT	W	1	0	1	Battery cycle stop				
0x3005	BIT	W	1	0	1	Delayed device shutdown				
0x3006	BIT	W	1	0	1	Delayed device reset				
State (see	§4.4)									
0x4000	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery charging.				
0x4001	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery floating.				
0x4002	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery discharging.				
0x4010	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery disconnected.				
0x4011	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery Ri too high.				
0x4012	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery under temperature.				
0x4013	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery over temperature.				
0x4014	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery lifetime elapsed.				
0x4015	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery charge failure.				
0x4016	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery SoC < 25%.				
0x4017	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery over discharge current.				
0x4018	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery low.				
0x4019	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery deep discharged.				
0x4020	BIT	R	1	0	1	USB powered.				
0x4021	BIT	R	1	0	1	Cold start.				
0x4022	BIT	R	1	0	1	PC shutdown.				
0x4023	BIT	R	1	0	1	PC power off.				
0x4024	BIT	R	1	0	1	External temperature sensor presence.				
0x4025	BIT	R	1	0	1	Inhibit.				
0x4026	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output disabled.				
0x4027	BIT	R	1	0	1	Auxiliary output disabled.				
0x4028	BIT	R	1	0	1	UPS not ready				
0x4029	BIT	R	1	0	1	UPS near empty				
0x402A	BIT	R	1	0	1	Battery cycle active				
0x4030	BIT	R	1	0	1	Backup.				
0x4031	BIT	R	1	0	1	Input under voltage.				
0x4032	BIT	R	1	0	1	Input over voltage.				
0x4033	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output under voltage.				
0x4034	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output over voltage.				
0x4035	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output overload.				
0x4036	BIT	R	1	0	1	Input over current.				
0x4037	BIT	R	1	0	1	Auxiliary output overload.				
0x4038	BIT	R	1	0	1	External temperature sensor error.				
0x4039	BIT	R	1	0	1	Backup time left < 25%.				
0x403A	BIT	R	1	0	1	Warning over temperature.				
0x403B	BIT	R	1	0	1	Error over temperature.				
טא זייטט	יים				'	End over temperature.				



Address	Type	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description
0x403C	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output short circuit
0x403D	BIT	R	1	0	1	Internal Failure

Table 3: Modbus fields



4 User interface

Power ON screen:

This screen is shown at power ON. It shows the device name, serial number and firmware version.

Status:

This is the default view where the user can find the most relevant information about the device status. The system always falls back to this view after 60s of inactivity (no key pressed).

Settings:

All the device settings are configurable from this menu. Use the UP/DOWN KEY to navigate through the parameters. Press the OK KEY to enter/exit the editing mode. In editing mode use the UP/DOWN KEY to change the highlighted value.

Info:

Device information such as firmware version, serial number and device name is visible from this menu.

Logs:

All the alarms and event are logged in a circular buffer and visible from this screen. Use the UP/DOWN KEY to navigate through the logs.

Wizard:

The wizard helps the user to configure the system through a series of screens.

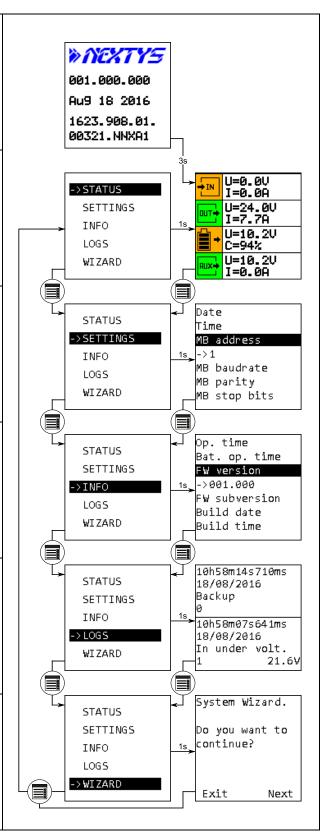


Table 4: User interface layout



Symbol	Name	Function
#	MENU KEY	Scrolls between menus.
Ŷ	DOWN KEY	Scrolls down menus and values.
Û	UP KEY	Scrolls up menus and values.
~	OK KEY	Confirms selection.

Table 5: User interface key

4.1 Status

The status screen shows the measurement and statuses to ease the system diagnostic. The screen is divided in sections identified by the symbols shown below:

→IN	Input: The measured input voltage and current is shown in this section.
□UT→	Output: The measured output voltage and current is shown in this section.
	Battery : The battery voltage, current, temperature, resistance and charge are shown in this section. During charging and discharging the symbol background color changes to orange and the number of bars drawn inside reflects the charge status. During discharging and charging an arrow drawn beside the symbol reflects the direction of the current flowing through the battery, pointing towards the battery during charging. Battery section is not present in DC/DC mode.
RUX→	Auxiliary: The measured auxiliary output voltage and current is shown in this section.

For each section the icon background color reflects its status, green on healthy state or red/orange otherwise.

Furthermore, in case of alarm a message appears on the screen after 60s of inactivity (no key pressed).

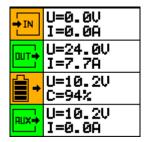


Figure 11: UPS status screen

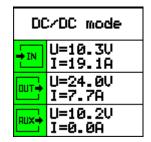


Figure 12: DC/DC status screen

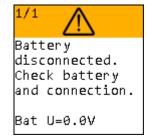


Figure 13: Alarm screen

4.2 Settings

The setting menu contains all the configurable parameters available to the user. Use the UP/DOWN KEY to navigate through the menu items. Press the OK KEY to enter and exit the editing mode, exiting the edit mode stores and activates the new configuration. While in editing mode use the UP/DOWN KEY to change the selected value. All settings are also accessible via Modbus at the specified address. All the battery related settings are ignored in DC/DC operating mode.



The locking/unlocking of the settings editing can be done using the field "Lock settings" into the "SETTINGS" menu (§4.2.49) or through the Modbus "Lock settings" field.

The locking/unlocking of the settings editing can also be done keeping pressed simultaneously the $^{\circ}$ (Up) and $^{\circ}$ (Down) buttons for at least 3 seconds while into the SETTINGS menu. There are no notifications using this procedure.

When the lock is active, trying to edit a parameter using the device's buttons shows a "Settings Locked" message for a couple of seconds. It always possible to edit the setting through Modbus regardless the status of the lock.

4.2.1 Modbus ad	ldress	
Default value	Range	Resolution
1	1247	1
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Modbus address	0x1000
The Modbus slave ad	ddress for the device. The same address	is used for USB and RS485 connection.

4.2.2 Modbus baudrate		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
38400	9600 (1), 19200 (2), 38400 (3), 5	7600 (4), 115200 (5)
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Modbus baudrate	0x1001
The baudrate for Modbus over R	S485 serial port.	

4.2.3 Modbus pari	ty		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Even	None (1), Even (2), Odd	(3)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Modbus parity	0x1002	
The parity for Modbus of	over RS485 serial port. Available valu	ies are None, Even, Odd.	

4.2.4 Modbus sto	pp bits		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1	1, 2	1	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Modbus stop bits	0x1003	
The parity for Modbus	over RS485 serial port.		

4.2.5 Battery typ	ое	
Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
Pb	Lead (1), Nickel (2), L	ithium (3), SuperCap (4)
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Bat. type	0x1010
Defines the type of ba	attery connected to the device. See	§3.1.3 for details about the different charging

4.2.6 Battery charge voltage			
Default value 10V	Range 1058V	Resolution 0.1V	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Volts	Bat. charge U	0x1011	
The array discourse and the a	ومناوه وعاور والعابين ومعتقوها وعائبه عالوها ومرا	Coo CO 1 O for details about the use of	

The maximum voltage applied to the battery while charging. See §3.1.3 for details about the use of this parameter on the different charging algorithms.



4.2.7 Battery charge current			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
0.5A	0.520A	0.1A	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Amperes	Bat. charge I	0x1012	

The maximum current sourced to the battery while charging. See §3.1.3 for details about the use of this parameter on the different charging algorithms.

4.2.8 Battery floa	at voltage	
Default value 10V	Range 1058V	Resolution 0.1V
Unit Volts	LCD name Bat. float U	Modbus address 0x1013

The maximum voltage applied to the battery once it's fully charged. See §3.1.3 for details about the use of this parameter on the different charging algorithms.

4.2.9 Battery low volta	ge		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
5V	558V	0.1V	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Volts	Bat. low U	0x1014	
Threshold for "Battery low" a	larm (§4.4.2.9).		

4.2.10 Battery deep discharge voltage			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
5V	558V	0.1V	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Volts Bat. deep disch. U 0x1015			
Threshold for the "Battery deep discharged" alarm (§4.4.2.10).			

4.2.11 Battery max. discharge current			
Default value 21A	Range 521A	Resolution 0.1A	
Unit LCD name Modbus address Amperes Bat. max. disch. I 0x1016			

During backup the DCW20 limits the maximum discharge current to this value reducing the output voltage if necessary.

4.2.12 Battery capacity - Supercap capacitance			
Default value Range Resolution			
1Ah or 1F	11000Ah or F	0.1Ah or F	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Ampere hours or Farad Bat. capacity 0x1017			
Name to be a second of the fractalled better an appeal to the first and a Common attention to the filled			

Nominal capacity (Ah) of the installed battery or capacitance (F) in case a Supercapacitor is installed. This parameter is used to calculate the battery State of Charge (SoC) during charge and discharge.

4.2.13 Battery min. temperature			
Default value	Range -4060°C	Resolution 1°C	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Celsius Bat. min. T 0x1018			
Threshold for the "Battery under temperature" alarm (§4.4.2.3).			



4.2.14 Battery max. temperature			
Default value Range Resolution			
60°C	-4060°C	1°C	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Degree Celsius Bat. max. T 0x1019			
Threshold for the "Battery over temperature" alarm (§4.4.2.4).			

4.2.15 Battery lifetime			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
100kh	1100kh	1kh	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Kilo hours	Bat. lifetime	0x101A	
Threshold for the "Battery lifetime elapsed" alarm (§4.4.2.5).			

4.2.16 Ri alarm mod	de		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Fixed (1	Disabled (0), Fixed (1), Automatic (2), Auto. Done (3)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Ri mode	0x101B	
Mode of operation for the	"Battery Ri too high" alarm (§4.	4.2.2).	

4.2.17 Ri nom.			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
<i>1m</i> Ω	1300mΩ	0.1mΩ	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Milli ohm	Ri nominal	0x101C	
Used for the threshold calculation of the "Battery Ri too high" alarm (§4.4.2.2).			

4.2.18 Ri max. va	riation		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
300%	50300%	1%	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Percent	Ri max. variation	0x101D	
Used for the threshold calculation of the "Battery Ri too high" alarm (§4.4.2.2).			

4.2.19 Operating mod	е		
Default value UPS	Values (Modbus value) UPS (1), DC/DC (2)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA .	Operating mode	0x1020	
Defines the DCW20 operati	ng mode. See §3.1 and §3.2 for o	etails of each mode.	

4.2.20 Nominal output voltage			
Range 1058V	Resolution 0.1V		
Unit LCD name Modbus address Volts Output nominal U 0x1021			
	Range 1058V	Range 1058V CD name Resolution 0.1V Modbus address	

UPS mode: DCW20 enters backup mode when the output voltage drops below 90% of the nominal value, it is also the regulated output voltage during backup. **DC/DC mode**: it corresponds to the regulated output voltage.



4.2.21 Max. input current		
Default value	Range	Resolution
20A	121A	0.1A
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Amperes	Max input I	0x1022

UPS mode: DCW20 limits the maximum input current to this value reducing the battery charging current if necessary.

DC/DC mode: DCW20 limits the maximum input current (in DC/DC mode the input is connected to the battery connection) to this value reducing the output voltage if necessary.

4.2.22 Max. outp	ut current	
Default value	Range	Resolution
20A	521A	0.1A
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Amperes	Max output I	0x1023
DCW20 limits the max	kimum output current to this value red	lucing the output voltage if necessary.

4.2.23 Max. Backup	time ena	able									
Default value	1	Values (Modbus	value)								
Disabled		Disabled	(0), Ena	bled (1)						
Unit	I	CD name			-		Modbu	s address			
NA .	1	Backup ti	me enal	ble			0x10)24			
If enabled the DCW20	shuts dov	vn if the	backup	last r	nore t	har	n the	"Max.	backup	time"	value
(§4.2.24).			•						•		

4.2.24 Max. bacl	rup time	
Default value	Range	Resolution
1440min	11440min	1min
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Minutes	Back. time max	0x1025
If "Max Backup time	enable" field is enabled the DCW20 shi	uts down if the backup last more than the

If "Max. Backup time enable" field is enabled the DCW20 shuts down if the backup last more than the specified amount of time.

4.2.25 Buzzer enable			
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA .	Buzzer enable	0x1026	
Enable/Disable buzzer sound in	case of alarm.		



4.2.26 Relay 1 configuration				
Normally open, Bat. life time, Bat. Ri too high, Bat. Charge failure	Bat. Ri too high (4), Bat. Lo.	(1), Soc < 25% (2), Bat. life time (3), w (5), Bat. Disconnected (6), Bat. eft < 25% (8), UPS not ready (9),		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
NA NA	Relay 1	0x1027		

This field defines the behavior of relay 1 as follows:

Normally open	1 or more enabled state active?	Relay contact status
True	No	Open
True	Yes	Closed
False	No	Closed
False	Yes	Open

4.2.27 Relay 2 configuration				
Default value	Flags (bit)			
Normally open, Backup	Normally open, Backup Normally open (0), Backup (1), Soc < 25% (2), Bat. life time (3), Bat. Ri too high (4), Bat. Low (5), Bat. Disconnected (6), Bat. charge failure (7), Backup left < 25% (8), UPS not ready (9), UPS empty (10)			
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
NA	Relay 2	0x1028		
This field defines the behavior	of relay 2 (see "Relay 1 c	configuration").		

4.2.28 Inhibit polarity		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
High	Low (1), High (2)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA NA	Inhibit polarity	0x1029
Selects the active polarity of th	e inhibit input. See §3.4 for m	ore information about the inhibit function.

4.2.29 DC/DC output mod	е				
Default value	Values (Modbus value)				
Single	Single (1), Parallel (2)				
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address			
NA	DC/DC out mode	0x102A			
Select parallel mode in case the DCW20 is configure as DC/DC with output connected in parallel with					
another unit (§0).	-	•			

4.2.30 Output enable	е		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Enabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1	1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Output enable	0x102B	
Enable/Disable output.	·		



4.2.31 Aux enable		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
Enabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Aux enable	0x102C
Enable/Disable auxiliary output.		

4.2.32 Cold start on inhibit toggle			
Default value Disabled	Values (Modbus value) Disabled (0), Enabled ((1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	CS on inhibit	0x102D	
Enable/Disable the co	ld start on inhibit toggle as explained	on §3.1.6.	

4.2.33 Cold start of	on battery connection		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1	1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	CS on battery	0x102E	
Enable/Disable the cold	d start on battery connection as expla	ained on §3.1.6.	

4.2.34 PC shutdown enable			
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	PC shutdown enable	0x1030	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.35 PC automatic restart enable			
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	PC restart enable	0x1031	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.36 PC shutdown delay			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
3600s	13600s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC shutdown delay	0x1032	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.37 PC shutdown time			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
600s	1600s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC shutdown time	0x1033	
See §3.1.5.			



4.2.38 PC restart minimum time			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1s	160s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC restart time	0x1034	
See §3.1.5.		·	

4.2.39 PC off detection current threshold			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
<i>0A</i>	020A	0.1A	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Amperes	PC OFF I	0x1035	
See §3.1.5.	·	·	

4.2.40 PC off detection timer			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1s	160s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC OFF time	0x1036	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.41 Blink output on backup enable			
Default value	Range		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Blink out enable	0x1040	
See §3.1.7			

4.2.42 Blink output on backup Ton			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
10s	10600s	1 s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	Blink out Ton	0x1041	
See §3.1.7			

4.2.43 Blink output on backup Toff			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
0.2s	0.160s	0.1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	Blink out Toff	0x1042	
See §3.1.7	•	•	

Default value	Range	
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Out SC latch enable	0x1043



4.2.45 Output short circuit detection voltage threshold			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
3 <i>V</i>	3 <i>V</i> 58 <i>V</i>	0.1V	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Volts	Out SC detection th.	0x1044	

By default the output short circuit is detected only if the residual voltage on the output pins is < 3V. In some application where long cables are connected to the output, if a short circuit is applied at the end of the cable, the residual voltage on the connector may be > 3V. In this case, increasing the detection threshold, ensures the short circuit is detected.

4.2.46 High inrush lo	ad enable		
Default value	Range		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	High inrush enable	0x1045	
When enable, the unit send	a higher current pulse when the	output is switched on, to withstand loa	ads
with a high start-up inrush of	current.	·	

4.2.47 UPS not ready SoC threshold			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
90%	10%90%	1%	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
%	Not ready SoC th	0x1046	
Sets the State of Char	ge threshold for the UPS not ready sign	nal.	

4.2.48 UPS near empty SoC threshold				
Default value	Range	Resolution		
10%	10%90%	1%		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
%	Near empty SoC th	0x1047		
Sets the State of Char	ge threshold for the UPS near empty sig	ınal.		

Default value Disabled Range Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Disableu (1)	
Unit LCD name Modbus address	
NA Lock Settings 0x1048	

When enabled, disables the possibility to modify any device setting through the device's SETTING menu apart itself. The shortcut for toggle the value of this field is keep pressed at the same time the $^{\circ}$ (Up) and $^{\circ}$ (Down) buttons for at least 3 seconds when you are into the SETTINGS menu.

4.2.50 Delayed device shutdown time			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
60	1600s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	Delayed shdn time	0x1049	
Specifies the time dela	ay between the shutdown command and	its execution.	



4.2.51 Delayed device reset time				
Default value	Range	Resolution		
60	1600s	1s		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
Seconds	Delayed reset time	0x104A		
Specifies the time dela	ay between the reset command and its e	execution.		

4.2.52 Backup s	tart threshold	
Default value	Range	Resolution
90	8095%	1%
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
%	Backup start th	0x104B
•	oltage, expressed as percentage of out	put nominal voltage, at which the back
starts.		

4.2.53 Battery cy	rcle	
Default value	Range	
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled ((1)
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Battery cycle	0x1050
When enabled the de	•	eriodic battery discharge based on day of

week, time, and periodicity.

4.2.54 Battery cycle	every		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1 week	1 52 weeks	1week	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
weeks	Battery cycle every	0x1051	
Periodicity in weeks of th	e battery cycle.		

4.2.55 Battery cycle day			
Default value	Range		
Disabled Monday (1), Tuesday (2), Wednesday (3), Thursday (4),			
	Friday (5), Saturday (6), Sunday(7)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Battery cycle day	0x1052	
Specifies on which day of the we	ek the battery cycle should be perfe	ormed.	

4.2.56 Battery cy	ycle hour		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
6h	023	1h	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
h	Battery cycle time	0x1053	
Specifies at which ho	ur of the day the battery cycle should be	performed.	

4.2.57 Battery cycle minute			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
0min	059min	1min	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
min	Battery cycle time	0x1054	
Specifies at which min	nute of the hour the battery cycle should	be performed.	



4.2.58 Battery cycle SoC threshold			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
75%	090%	1%	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
%	Battery cycle SoC th	0x1055	
Specifies at which sta	te of charge the battery cycle must be sto	oped.	

4.2.59 Battery cycle time threshold			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
5	11440min	1 min	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
min	Battery cycle time th	0x1056	
Specifies after how m	any minutes from start the battery cycle m	nust be stopped.	

4.2.60 Battery installation date				
Default value	Range			
1 st January 2000	from 1st January 2000 to 3	1 st December 2099		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
NA	Bat. installation date	0x1100		
This field is used to compute the battery lifetime. If the battery lifetime exceeds the "Battery lifetime"				
value (§4.2.15), the "Battery lifetime elapsed" alarm (§4.4.2.5) activates.				

4.2.61 Battery charge cycles			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
0	065535	1	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Cycles	Bat. charge cycles	0x1104	
The value increments	automatically at the end of a battery cha	arge cycle.	

4.3 Info

While in the info menu, use the UP/DOWN KEY to navigate through the menu items. The fields are also accessible via Modbus at the specified address. Modbus device identification fields are read using function 43/13 (0x2B/0x0E) at the specified object id.

4.3.1 Firmware version	
LCD name	Modbus
FW version	Device Identification Object Id 0x02
3.3 digit indicating the firmware major minor version	1

4.3.2 Firmware subversion	
LCD name	Modbus
FW subversion	Device Identification Object Id 0x80
3 digit indicating the firmware subversion.	•

4.3.3 Build date	
LCD name	Modbus
Build date	Device Identification Object Id 0x82
Firmware build date.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



4.3.4 Build time	
LCD name	Modbus
Build time	Device Identification Object Id 0x83
Firmware build time.	

4.3.5 Serial number	
LCD name	Modbus
S/N	Device Identification Object Id 0x81
Device serial number.	•

4.3.6 Boot cycles			
Unit Cycles	LCD name Boot cycles	Modbus address 0x2010	
Counter of power ON cycles.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, -	

4.3.7 Operating tir	me		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Hours	Operating time	0x2020	
DCW20 operating hour	counter.		

4.3.8 Battery operating time			
Unit LCD name Modbus address			
Hours Bat. operating time 0x2022			
Hours elapsed since the "Battery installation date" (§4.2.60).			

4.3.9 Next battery cycle	
LCD name	Modbus
Next battery cycle	None

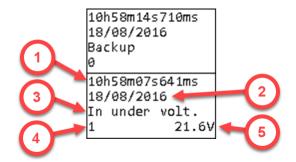
- Information about next battery cycle

 Date: Date and time of next scheduled battery cycle
 - Cycle disabled: The battery cycle function is disabled
 - In progress: The battery cycle is in progress



4.4 Logs

Every event is logged in the device FLASH memory. From the log menu the user can view their history. Use the UP/DOWN KEYS to navigate between logs, 2 logs are visible simultaneously on the LCD.



- 1. **Time**: time at which the log occurred.
- 2. **Date**: date at which the log occurred.
- 3. Name: unique log name
- 4. **Primary value**: optional, see below for details.
- Secondary value: optional, see below for details.

Table 6: Log screen

Logs are of 3 different kinds: *info, alarms* and *events*. All info and alarms have an associated Modbus field representing the current status (0 if inactive or 1 if active). For info and alarms a log is generated at each status transaction. In case of active alarm, the front LED and the buzzer turn ON.

4.4.1 Info

4.4.1.1 Battery charging	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat charging	0x4000
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the battery is charging.	

4.4.1.2 Battery floating	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat floating	0x4001
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the battery is fully charged.	

4.4.1.3 Battery discharging		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Bat. discharging	0x4002	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when the battery is discharging.		

4.4.1.4 Battery cycle active	
LCD name	Modbus address
Battery cycle active	0x4003
Value1	Value2
Ended (0), Started (1)	Status 0 → 1: Battery voltage at battery cycle
	start
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Minimum battery voltage during
	battery cycle
Active when a battery cycle is in progr	ress.



4.4.1.5 USB powered		
LCD name	Modbus address	
USB powered	0x4020	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
DCW20 is powered by USB only.		

4.4.1.6 Cold start		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Cold start	0x4021	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
DCW20 has powered ON through cold	start (see §3.1.6).	

4.4.1.7 PC shutdown	
LCD name	Modbus address
PC shutdown	0x4022
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Command to shutdowns the PC (see §3.1.5).	

4.4.1.8 PC power off		
LCD name	Modbus address	
PC power OFF	0x4023	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
Command to power OFF the PC (see §3.1.5), DCW20 output switches OFF.		

4.4.1.9 External temperature sensor presence		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Ext. T sensor presence	0x4024	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
Active if the optional external temperature sensor is connected.		

4.4.1.10 Inhibit		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Inhibit	0x4025	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
Active if the inhibit input signal is asserted (see §3.4).		

4.4.1.11 Output disabled		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Output disabled	0x4026	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active if the output is disabled in settings.		

4.4.1.12 Auxiliary output disabled	
LCD name	Modbus address
Aux disabled	0x4027
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active if the auxiliary output is disabled in settings.	



4.4.2 Alarms

4.4.2.1 Battery disconnected	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. disconnected	0x4010
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used

Active when no battery is detected by DCW20.

The detection of the battery disconnection can take up to 40s when the battery is in charging state and up to 20s when the battery is in float state.

4.4.2.2 Battery Ri too high	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. Ri too high	0x4011
Value1	Value2 (Milli ohm)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
, ,,	Status 1 → 0: Max. measured value
Active when measured battery internal resistance exceed the alarm threshold (see §3.1.2)	

4.4.2.3 Battery under temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. under temperature	0x4012
Value1	Value2 (Degree Celsius)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
. ,	Status 1 → 0: Min. measured value

Active when the battery measured temperature (using the optional external sensor) is under the threshold specified in "Battery min. temperature" field (§4.2.13). If active the battery charged is disabled.

4.4.2.4 Battery over temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. over temperature	0x4013
Value1	Value2 (Degree Celsius)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value

Active when the battery measured temperature (using the optional external sensor) exceed the threshold specified in "Battery max. temperature" field (§4.2.14). If active the battery charged is disabled.

4.4.2.5 Battery lifetime elapsed	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. lifetime elapsed	0x4014
Value1	Value2 (Hours)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 → 0: Max. calculated value
Active when the actual calculated battery lifetime exceeds the threshold specified in "Battery lifetime"	

Active when the actual calculated battery lifetime exceeds the threshold specified in "*Battery lifetime*" field (§4.2.15).

4.4.2.6 Battery charge failure	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. charge fail	0x4015
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
A - (' DOMOO	the bettern somethy Miles and the better shows a leaves to

Active when DCW20 could not charge the battery correctly. When active, the battery charger is disabled. Disconnect the battery to reset the alarm.



4.4.2.7 Battery SoC < 25%	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. SoC < 25%	0x4016
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active when the battery State of Charge is under 25% of the nominal full charge capacity.	

4.4.2.8 Battery over discharge current	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. over discharge I	0x4017
Value1	Value2 (Amperes)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 → 0: Max. measured value
Active when the measured battery discharge current reaches the threshold specified in "Battery max. discharge current" field (§4.2.11).	

4.4.2.9 Battery low	
LCD name:	Modbus address
Bat. low	0x4018
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the measured battery v	oltage is under the threshold specified in "Battery low voltage"

field (§4.2.9).

4.4.2.10 Battery deep discharged	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. deep discharge	0x4019
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the battery measured voltage is under the threshold specified in "Battery deep discharge	
voltage" field (84 2 10)	

4.4.2.11 Backup	
LCD name	Modbus address
Backup	0x4030
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active when the system is in backup (§	3.1.1).

4.4.2.12 Input under voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Input under voltage	0x4031
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 → 0: Min. measured value
Active when the measured input voltage is under 90% of the "Nominal output voltage" field (§4.2.20).	

4.4.2.13 Input over voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Input over voltage	0x4032
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
. ,	Status 1 → 0: Max. measured value
Active when the measured input voltage excer(\$4.2.20).	eds 120% of the "Nominal output voltage" field



4.4.2.14 Output under voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output under voltage	0x4033
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the measured output voltage is under 90% of the "Nominal output voltage" field (\$4.2.20)	

4.4.2.15 Output over voltage		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Output over voltage	0x4034	
Value1	Value2 (Volts)	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 → 1: Offending threshold	
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value	
Active when the measured output voltage exceeds 120% of the "Nominal output voltage" field		

4.4.2.16 Output overload	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output overload	0x4035
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the measured output curre	ent reaches the threshold specified in "Max. output current" field
(§4.2.22).	,

4.4.2.17 Input over current	
LCD name	Modbus address
Input over current	0x4036
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the measured input current reaches the threshold specified in "Max. input current" field (§4.2.21).	

4.4.2.18 Auxiliary output overload	
LCD name	Modbus address
Aux overload	0x4037
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active when an excessive load is detected on the auxiliary output.	

4.4.2.19 External temperature sensor error	
LCD name	Modbus address
Ext. T sensor error	0x4038
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the external temperature sensor is not connected while it's use is mandatory like in NiMh	
battery charging.	·

4.4.2.20 Backup time left < 25%	
LCD name	Modbus address
Backup time left < 25%	0x4039
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active when the system is in backup and the maximal backup time is less than the "Max. backup time"	

Active when the system is in backup and the maximal backup time is less than the "Max. backup time" filed (§4.2.2427).



4.4.2.21 Warning over temperature		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Warn. over temperature	0x403A	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
Active when the internal temperature is high. If the temperature increases more the device may switch		

Active when the internal temperature is high. If the temperature increases more the device may switch OFF.

4.4.2.22 Error over temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Error over temperature	0x403B
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active when the internal temperature is too high. To prevent damage the device switches OFF.	

4.4.2.23 Output short circuit	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output short circuit	0x403C
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when a short circuit is detected on the output.	

4.4.2.24 Internal failure	
LCD name	Modbus address
Internal failure	0x403D
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Internal fail code
Active when an internal failure is detected.	

4.4.3 Events

4.4.3.1 Power ON event	
LCD name	Modbus address
Power ON	0xE000
Value1	Value2
Power ON count	Not used
Generated at every time the DCW20 is turned ON.	

4.4.3.2 Shutdown event	
LCD name	Modbus address
Shutdown	0xE001
Value1	Value2
Shutdown count	Shutdown reason:
	1 - Deep discharge
	2 - Max. backup time elapsed
	3 - Shutdown command
	4 - Reset command
	5 - Inhibit signal
	6 - Power down
Generated at every time the DCW2	20 is turned OFF.

4.4.3.3 Battery cycle triggered by		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Bat. cycle triggered by	0xE002	
Value1	Value2	
Schedule (0), User (1)	Not used	
Schedule (0) if the battery cycle is started automatically on scheduled date/time, User (1) if the battery		
cycle is started by user.		



4.4.3.4 Battery cycle ended by	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. cycle ended by	0xE003
Value1	Value2
State of charge (1), Time limit (2), Input UV (3),	Not used
Battery in charge (4), User (5)	
Specifies the cause/reason of battery cycle ending	

- State of charge: Battery cycle ended at specified state of charge
- Time limit: Battery cycle ended after specified time
- Input UV: Battery cycle end caused by the input under voltage
- Battery in charge: Battery cycle ended because the battery was charging
- **User**: Battery cycle stopped by user

4.5 Wizard

The wizard assists the user during the DCW20 configuration. It should be run once at commissioning.

Technical Specifications

See DCW20 datasheet available on www.nextys.com.

Installation procedure

See DCW20 short form installation manual, available on www.nextys.com, for information related to installation procedure.